Transportation Infrastructure Vulnerability to Sea Level Rise in Broward County

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Indicators of a Warming World



Climate Change Impacts in SE FL

- Increasing Temp (2 to 10°F) by 2100
- Increasing occurrence of extreme weather
 - hotter summers
 - drier droughts
 - wetter rainy seasons
- Change in the growing season
- Sea level rise (2-5 feet) by 2100
- Potential change in the frequency and intensity of tropical storms







Unified SLR Rise Projection



Timeline of Sea Level Rise

1 foot = 2040 - 2070

2 foot = 2060 - 2115

3 foot = 2075-2150

Method -Inundation Mapping and Vulnerability Analysis

- Used 2007 FDEM LiDAR elevation data to create digital elevation models for 1-, 2-, and 3-foot sea level rise above MHHW
- Analyzing impacts of 1-, 2-, and 3foot sea level rise scenarios



- Existing water features removed from inundation.
- Data collected and analyzed.
- This analysis is merely an intersection of data layers with inundation grids.
- Subject matter experts needed for more detailed evaluation.





Broward Test 25-ft Digital Elevation Model (DEM)

(using Florida Dept. of Emergency Management 2007 LiDAR Data)



 Identifies area with elevations below
Mean High High Water (MHHW)



























Southern Hollywood / Northern Hallandale Beach

Streets with 3 foot sea level rise overlay

Red: Streets affected Green: Streets not affected

Bridges not included, not calculated in total miles affected





• Highlight current TODs

Highlight
Transit hub
locations

Anchor Hub

Community Hub

Gateway Hub

Transit Oriented Corridor



DISTRICT 4



2035 LRTP Improvements

- Premium Transit
 - US-441
 - US-1
 - Hallandale Bch Blvd
 - Hollywood Blvd
- Mobility Hubs
 - 6 Gateway Hubs
 - 4 Anchor Hubs
 - 6 Community Hubs
- New Local Service
 - Griffin Rd

Other Planned/Current Efforts

- Coordination on additional studies (I-95 Managed Lanes, SFECC)
- Connections to Downtown Miami and Golden Glades

Miles of Road by FDOT Category

• Results (in miles) at 1-ft Sea Level Rise

| Functional Class (One foot SLR) | Total Inundation | Total Coverage |
|--|---------------------|-------------------|
| 1 – high volume, maximum speed | 0.73 | 127.70 |
| 2 – high speed, channels traffic to FC1 | 0.00 | 251.28 |
| 3 – high speed, lower mobility, connects to FC2 | 0.28 | 464.39 |
| 4 – moderate speed, through neighborhoods | 0.72 | 820.83 |
| 5 – low volume, i.e. access roads, parking lanes | 7.74 | 5,414.99 |
| Total | 9.47 | 7,080.19 |



Major Roads Impacted

| One Foot | Two Foot | Three Foot |
|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| Hollywood Blvd | Hollywood Blvd | Hollywood Blvd |
| Ocean Dr / A1A | Ocean Dr / A1A | Ocean Dr / A1A |
| Dania Beach Blvd | Dania Beach Blvd | Dania Beach Blvd |
| Sheridan St | Sheridan St | Sheridan St |
| | Las Olas Blvd | Las Olas Blvd |
| | | Griffin Rd |
| | | Riverland Rd |
| | | Davie Blvd |
| | | Bayview Dr |
| | | Hallandale Beach Blvd |
| | | Broward Blvd |



Evacuation Routes



- Barrier islands vulnerable due to bridges being inaccessible from local roadway flooding
- 2-foot SLR shown, bridges circled in green



Possible



More Likely



Items for Further Study

- Vulnerability analysis provides guidance on where to look first for impacts.
- Low lying road segments should be reviewed especially for evacuation routes.
- Inundation of roads and impacts to road beds need to be considered.
- Impacts to future transit hubs and TOD needs to be reviewed.



A1A just South of Hillsboro Inlet inundated during a November 2010 high tide



Norfolk, VA raises road due to avert flooding at high tide.

Leslie Kaufman , The New York Times, 11/26/2010

